

OBJECTIVELY ASSESSED MUSICAL ABILITY AND EMPATHY: AN ANALYSIS BASED ON TWO MULTICOMPONENTIAL MEASURES STRAUSS, HANNAH; ZENTNER, MARCEL - UNIVERSITY OF INNSBRUCK, AUSTRIA



PROBLEM STATEMENT

Empathy plays a crucial role in successful human communication, i.e. by facilitating the perception and interpretation of other persons' intentions and emotional states (Davis, 1983). Although musicians have been shown to have an advantage in the decoding of emotion from speech prosody (Lima & Castro, 2011), little is known about associations between empathy and musical ability more generally. Here we examined whether objectively assessed musical ability would be positively correlated with empathy. Additionally, psychometric properties of a short form of the PROMS-S (Profile of Music Perception Skills, Law & Zentner, 2012) were examined.

MATERIALS & METHODS

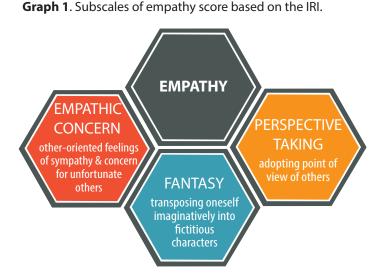
The constructs were measured via the PROMS-S, the Big Five Inventory-SOEP (BFI-S, Schupp & Gerlitz, 2005) and the Interpersonal Reactivity Index (IRI, Davis, 1983) in a German speaking sample of N=85 (49 females, mean age: 24.79, SD: 6.30).

RESULTS

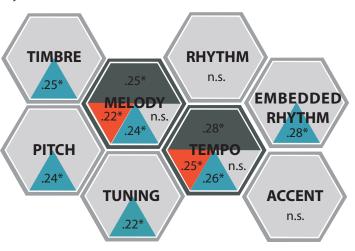
Table 1. Musical ability predicts empathy also whenrelevant third variables are controlled for.

	В	SE(B)	β
Gender	0.86	1.15	.08
Age	-0.02	0.08	02
Musical Training	.219	.803	.03*
Agreeableness	3.77	0.71	.52***
Neuroticism	1.42	0.68	.21*
Musical Ability (PROMS-S)	0.14	0.07	.23*

Note. $*p \le .05 **p \le .01 ***p \le .001$



Graph 2. Correlations between PROMS-S subscales and empathy scales.



REFERENCES

Davis, M. (1983). Measuring individual differences in empathy: Evidence for a multidimensional approach. Journal of Personality and Social Psychology, 44(1), 113-126. Gerlitz, J.-Y., & Schupp, J. (2005). Zur Erhebung der Big-Five-basierten Persönlichkeitsmerkmale im SOEP. DIW Research Notes 4, Berlin. Law L. N. C., Zentner M. (2012) Assessing Musical Abilities Objectively: Construction and Validation of the Profile of Music Perception Skills. *PLoS ONE 7*(12): e52508. Lima, C. F., & Castro, S. L. (2011). Speaking to the trained ear: musical expertise enhances the recognition of emotions in speech prosody. *Emotion, 11*, 1021-1031.

Table 2. PROMS-S subtests and total score show

 good internal consistency as well as retest reliability.

	ω_{t1}	ω_{t2}	tt
Melody	.67	.69	.67*
Rhythm	.71	.87	.85**
RM	.74	.89	.76**
Tuning	.63	.74	.66*
Accent	.68	.85	.87**
Timbre	.66	.72	.62*
Tempo	.62	.88	.84**
Pitch	.71	.81	.62*
PROMS score	.90	.95	.86**

CONCLUSION

Musical abilities explained 4,9% of variance of empathy beyond personality factors

Empathy was associated with musical ability, but not with extent of musical training.

The PROMS-S has shown good psychometric properties making it easiser to administer a multicomponential and objective musical ability test in a short time.

FUTURE DIRECTIONS

The mechanisms underlying the associations between empathy and musical ability remain to be investigated. Musical ability might enhance auditory emotional perception, which in turn is a component of empathy. More research is needed to substantiate this hypothesis